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Issue



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UNIVERSAL DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES IN NEW UZBEKISTAN ARE AN IMPORTANT FACTOR IN THE UNDERSTANDING OF THE NATIONAL IDENTITY

Abstract: In the process of understanding the national self, universal democratic principles play an important role. Serious attention is paid to the formation of the national self-awareness of the multinational people of Uzbekistan, relying on universal democratic principles in the renewing Uzbekistan, the creation of good neighborliness and an atmosphere of mutual trust, friendship and respect between the countries living in the Central Asian region. This article will focus on the macro works carried out in the new Uzbekistan in this area.

Key words: New Uzbekistan, Central Asia, region, independent state, universal democratic principles, friendship, respect, mutual trust, understanding of national identity.

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Introduction

According to Article 13 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan: "democracy in the Republic of Uzbekistan is based on universal principles, according to which a person, his life, freedom, honor, dignity and other inviolable rights are of high value.

Democratic rights and freedoms are protected by constitutions and laws". It is also a structural structure and an important factor in the perception of the national self.

Universal values and principles form the basis of democracy. Nationalism and generalism are required to be harmonious in the perception of the national self, and thus universal democratic principles have a defining significance in the perception of the national self

Universal democratic principles are criteria that apply to the life of mankind, guarantee democratic progress, serve to correctly express the essence of the perception of the national self.

They simultaneously serve the development of the convergence, progress of all national values, the realization of the national identity of peoples. In the process of building a new Uzbekistan from national revival to national revival in independent Uzbekistan, special attention is paid to the introduction of the universal democratic principle into life and the growth of national identity awareness.

Indeed, in the conditions of today's globalization, such factors as complex situations arise all over the world, terrorism, extremism and radicalism, constant vigilance and alertness in the current conditions of increasing ideological and ideological struggle, strengthening independence, ensuring a peaceful life of our people, universal democratic principles such as interethnic harmony, mutual cooperation, interreligious tolerance play an important role in

As noted in the speech of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoev at the 75th session of the UN General Assembly on September 23, 2020, a policy of openness is underway in the new Uzbekistan."As a result of our large - scale measures for the political, social and economic modernization of society, a new Uzbekistan is being formed. Today, democratic changes in our country have become irreversible."



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Loyalty to humanitarian ideals, democracy, striving for social justice to be sustainable everywhere, preventing human rights from being violated, protecting the struggles of all peoples and nations for national independence, respecting national customs and values, not interfering with the development of their understanding of national identities, helping to introduce justice, the rule of law into life, encouraging people to friendship, cooperation and, trying to make a decision of tranquility are aspects of universal values based on universal democratic principles that are gaining importance in the context of today's globalization.

According to the researchers, "these values also consist in new aspects of the development of human-acquired relations of science, technology, culture, social production, achievements in the stabilization of democracy, legislation, justice, the rational use of which contributes to the fact that our country is among the developed countries and our people perceive the national self more terribly". It should be remembered that in this regard, it is important not to recognize universal democratic principles, to allow any retreats, national restrictions and calandimagin lead to great losses.

Democracy cannot be formed as a positive reality, beyond or contrary to the historical-cultural paradigm, the people, the nation, the traditions, norms and values that have been created and revered for centuries. For this reason, universal democratic principles are an important structure for the perception of the national self, which contributes to its formation.

It is necessary that the perception of the national self corresponds to universal democratic principles. They are:

- 1) national self-awareness recognition of the inviolability of human life;
- 2) it is necessary to respect human freedom, rights and interests;
- 3) an important criterion in the understanding of the national self is that a person is the highest value;
- 4) achieving the commonality of universal interests in the understanding of the national identity of different nations forms and strengthens mutual joint feelings;
- 5) it is important that democracy has equal opportunity (conditions), the rule of law in the realization of the national identity of representatives of different nationalities;

Humanization (humanism) is a universal value. It essentially means humanizing society, life, sociopolitical being.

All the reforms carried out in the new Uzbekistan, including socio-political and spiritual ones, in essence, imply the orientation of social relations to human interests, the formation of high spiritual and moral qualities in it. Humanity, as a universal democratic principle and a high spiritual value, brings humanistic traditions, views and norms

into the socio-political processes, the management of the state and society. In this way, it enriches the sociopolitical sphere with humanistic values and acts as an important factor in the perception of the national self.

In the national consciousness of each people there are fundamental aspects that are unique and appropriate to this people, historically formed, that represent the psyche, mentality, character, uniqueness of this people, and they leave their mark on the social system of the country. Important features of the national identity are manifested. It would be appropriate to note that this situation is manifested today in the socio - economic, scientific, cultural - spiritual, national and religious relations of the peoples of Central Asia, including the peoples of Kazakhstan and Uzbekistan, and also in the life of these peoples.

In this regard, we think that the international scientific and practical online conference "model'nazarbaeva: Strategicheskoe sotrudnichestvo I global'niy dialogue", planned by the library of the first president of Kazakhstan – elbasi, dedicated to the Independence Day of Kazakhstan, will be a great gift to the independence of the peoples of Central Asia in December 2020. There is no doubt that this conference will help bring the peoples of the Central Asian region closer together.

Such conferences show that democracy in World Development as a universal value is a manifestation of a style of management that is embedded, recognized and correspondingly embedded in the thinking and way of life of different peoples, nations. The second side of the law, which is currently analyzed at the conference, is also related to the existence of the way of life, mentality of each people, the feature of feeling, understanding, understanding and following democracy. Democracy, no matter how universal democratic principles acquire universal meaning and value, is the basis of it, "nationalism", "national psyche", "national identity", which gives it spiritual strength, enriches it, ensures its colorfulness. Universal democratic principles, on the other hand, are an important factor in the perception of the national self.

Interethnic harmony occupies an important place in the understanding of the national identity of peoples, along with national identity, in an important link of universal democratic principles. Instructive work is being carried out in Uzbekistan on the implementation of interethnic harmony and religious tolerance. As noted in the speech of the head of our state at the 75th session of the UN General Assembly, "further strengthening of interethnic harmony and religious tolerance is an important task for us."

The fifth priority of the strategy of action on the introduction of universal democratic principles into the life of the peoples of Uzbekistan, which is being more broadly updated, and its use in the cultivation of national identity, was also set the most important tasks



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in the field of ensuring interethnic harmony and religious tolerance. 138 national cultural centers play a big role in developing ethnic identity and further harmonizing interethnic relations in our country.

Universal democratic principles serve to determine the culture of peoples of different nationalities, the commonality of nationwide interests in language, consciousness and worldview in the rise of national self-awareness. According to the researchers, "changes in the areas of social life create the necessary space for this law to follow" . It is gratifying that the democratic changes that are taking place in New Uzbekistan today, the help provided through the Centers of Public Service, increase mutual integration about people of different nationalities.

The rise of the awareness of the national identity increases the sense of the common homeland of different nations. Strengthens tolerance even more.

There are problems contrary to the universal democratic principles of national self-realization, which are: missionary, religious extremism and fundamentalism; equating religion with "false Islamic ideas"; nationalism; chauvinism, etc. Each of these listed, together with a certain threat to the security of the country, the stability of our country and Central Asia in the region, the realization of the national identity of our people, does not serve to effectively form a nationwide idea in our country and make it a necessary spiritual factor that directs society to the prospect.

It is a nationalism from problems contrary to universal democratic principles.

It is necessary to note that the concept of" nationalism" as a phenomenon inherent in this lack of understanding of the national self, there are cases of its different interpretation. For example, under the former Union, the concept of nationalism was deliberately falsified, nationalism and any manifestation of nationalism were judged as "nationalism". In some current studies, opinions are expressed on the content differentiation of the concepts of "nationalism".

In particular, nationalism is interpreted as denying the equality of nations, putting one's own nation above other nations, striving to create privileges for it, prostrating one's own nation, not giving it an impartial assessment, not noticing its shortcomings and flaws, and nationalism as recognizing the equality of nations, treating all races and nationalities equally, not indifferent to one's own nation, its language, culture. Professor S.Otamuratov's view, "nationalism means elevating, improving the potential of a nation, ensuring its dignity and pride".

Nationalism is a characteristic characteristic of all nations. However, it is necessary to take into account that it manifests itself more strongly in a small number of nations.

There are also different opinions about nationalism.

In our opinion, nationalism is one of the most challenging factors for the prosperity of a nation. Because, in fact, the nationalist will move his nation away from other nations, the world community, sluggish the prosperity of the nation. Does not base or acknowledge universal democratic principles. From this point of view, in our opinion, nationalism is contrary to the perception of the national self and does not fall into its structure.

The main reason for causing interethnic conflicts is aggressive nationalism and chauvinism. The fact that there are still forces in the world trying to organize a "crusade" against the idea of new fascism, bolshevism, chauvinism, racist ideas, interethnic harmony, solidarity requires us all to be vigilant and do practical things in preventing the spread of such harmful ideas.

Today, when ideological struggles intensified in the world, it is gratifying that good neighborly relations have been achieved between the peoples of the countries of the Central Asian region. This was properly emphasized in the speech of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev at the 75th session of the UN General Assembly, "at the moment there are fundamental changes in the Central Asian region. We have achieved good neighborliness and an atmosphere of mutual trust, friendship and respect among the states of the region."

Contrary to the universal democratic principles of national self-realization, there are also some problems, in particular, national separatism (separatism), unhealthy ideas that resent national harmony, situations of nonlinear interpretation of the lives, value and culture of some, national selfishness (egoism) chauvinism and the Prevention of aggressive nationalism, which are encountered in some countries. These problems contradict universal democratic principles and interfere with the formation of the national identity of peoples.

In general, in the new Uzbekistan, all-democratic principles in the understanding of interethnic harmony, interreligious tolerance, national identity fully correspond to the universal democratic principles of the national identity of the multiethnic people of Uzbekistan and serve the purpose of building a democratic society in the country.



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