

Impact Factor:

ISRA (India) = 6.317
ISI (Dubai, UAE) = 1.582
GIF (Australia) = 0.564
JIF = 1.500

SIS (USA) = 0.912
ПИИИ (Russia) = 3.939
ESJI (KZ) = 9.035
SJIF (Morocco) = 7.184

ICV (Poland) = 6.630
PIF (India) = 1.940
IBI (India) = 4.260
OAJI (USA) = 0.350

SOI: [1.1/TAS](#) DOI: [10.15863/TAS](#)

International Scientific Journal Theoretical & Applied Science

p-ISSN: 2308-4944 (print) e-ISSN: 2409-0085 (online)

Year: 2021 Issue: 12 Volume: 104

Published: 30.12.2021 <http://T-Science.org>

QR – Issue



QR – Article



Gulsanem Dawletnazarova

Navoi State Mining Institute Nukus branch
assistant teacher

Phone: +998 (91) 378 27 87

g.dawletnazarova@mail.ru

RECONSTRUCTION AND EDUCATION OF MENTAL POWERS

Abstract: The article tells about the peace and prosperity of our country, the name of each year, the slogans of the Independence Day, as well as the celebration of the anniversaries of our great ancestors by UNESCO, the State Youth Policy, five important initiatives.

Key words: Reform, terms of the year, Independence Day uranium, Action Strategy, UNESCO, five important beginnings, urban anniversaries, art, sports, computer literacy, book-loving, women's busy.

Language: English

Citation: Dawletnazarova, G. (2021). Reconstruction and education of mental powers. *ISJ Theoretical & Applied Science*, 12 (104), 1321-1323.

Soi: <http://s-o-i.org/1.1/TAS-12-104-149> **Doi:**  <https://dx.doi.org/10.15863/TAS.2021.12.104.149>

Scopus ASCC: 3300.

Introduction

Our national idea consists of such noble goals as peace, development of the Motherland, and people's well-being. The heritage of our ancestors, our national values, which silenced the mountainous world, has been restored. The peace of our country, the well-being of our people, the bright future of the youth are the fruits of our neutrality, our sacred wealth.

We all know that giving a horse to our people every year has become a good program. It is noteworthy that in order to continue the reforms in various areas, it is necessary to identify important areas and pay special attention to them in the national directions adopted in the new year. The terms given during the years of independence have played an important role in the deepening of the great message "Reform - not for reform, but for the people" in the hearts of our people. Terms of the years: 1996 - the year of Amir Temur; 1997 - Year of Human Interests; 1998 - Year of the Family; 1999 - Year of Women; 2000 - Year of Healthy Generation; 2001 - Year of Mother and Child; 2002 - Year of Respect for the Elderly; 2003 - Year of Abat mahalla; 2004 - Year of Mercy; 2005 - Year of Health; 2006 - Year of Sponsors and Physicians; 2007 - Year of Social Protection; 2008 - Year of Youth; 2009 - Year of Rural Development and Prosperity; 2010 - Year of the harmoniously developed generation; 2011 - Year of

Small Business and Private Entrepreneurship Development; 2012 - Year of the Family; 2013 - Year of Abat marriage; 2014 - Year of the Healthy Child; 2015 - Year of Respect for the Elderly; 2016 - Year of Healthy Mother and Child; 2017 - the Year of Dialogue with the Population and Human Interests; 2018 is the Year of Accelerated Entrepreneurship, Support of Innovative Ideas and Technologies; 2019 - Year of Accelerated Investment and Social Development; 2020 - the year of development of science, education and digital economy; 2021 has been designated as the Year of Youth Support and Public Health.

Every year on September 1, our compatriots celebrate the greatest and dearest Independence Day with great solemnity and joy. In particular, from year to year, the Independence Day speeches have a deeper content.

The mottos of the Independence Day Celebrates: This is a holy man in the Holy Land! (2010); Great and holy Motherland! (2011 You are my destiny, my happiness, a free and prosperous homeland (2012); If I am honored, supported and proud, my Uzbekistan! (2013); If you are alone, I dedicate my sacred Motherland, my love and loyalty to you, my beautiful Uzbekistan!" (2014); If I repeat, if you are alone, my motherland is Uzbekistan! (2015); "You are beautiful and unique, my sacred homeland, my dear, I sacrifice

Impact Factor:

SISRA (India) = 6.317
ISI (Dubai, UAE) = 1.582
GIF (Australia) = 0.564
JIF = 1.500

SIS (USA) = 0.912
PIHII (Russia) = 3.939
ESJI (KZ) = 9.035
SJIF (Morocco) = 7.184

ICV (Poland) = 6.630
PIF (India) = 1.940
IBI (India) = 4.260
OAJI (USA) = 0.350

you for Uzbekistan» (2016); "Let's be brave, our moon is from Uzbekistan!"» (2017); " Dear and lonely dear Uzbekistan!"»(2018); " Long live Uzbekistan!"»(2019); "You are the source of power, the source of happiness, my dear Uzbekistan!"»(2020); "Let's live in peace and prosperity in the new Uzbekistan!" (2021).

Years of Independence Z.M Babur (1993), Bahouddin Naqdashbandi (1993), Abduhalik Gijduvani (1994), Mirzo Ulugbek (1994), Najmiddin Qubra (1994), Feruz (1995), Amir Temur (1996), Imam al Bukhari (1998), Ahmad Fergani (1998), Jalaladdin Manguberdi (1999), al-Margilani (2000) and Moturudi (2000) are the dates of birth of our great ancestors.

2750th anniversary of Samarkand (2007), 2700th anniversary of Karchi and Shakhrisabz (2002), 2500th anniversary of Bukhara, Khiva (1997) and Termez (2002), 2200th anniversary of Tashkent (2009), 2000th anniversary of Margilan (2007) celebrated.

Our holidays and values, such as Navruz and Ed have been restored.

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. M. Mirziyoyev said: "... at the same time, the education of young people remains a very important and important issue for us." "We will use all the forces and opportunities of our state and society for the development and happiness of our young people as independent thinkers, with high intellectual and spiritual knowledge, who are unmatched in any field in the world," he said." - confirms at the current stage of development of our society. [1:14].

"Year of Healthy Generation" in 2000, "Year of Mothers and Children" in 2001, "Year of Youth" in 2008, "Year of Harmonious Generation" in 2010, "Year of Healthy Child" in 2014, "Healthy Generation" in 2016 The adoption and implementation of specific state goals, marked as the "Year of Mother and Child", also confirms the relevance of youth policy.

The importance of youth issues in our society is evidenced by the adoption in the first months of independence (November 20, 1991) of the Law "On the principles of national youth policy in the Republic of Uzbekistan." For the first time in this law, the direct participation of our youth in the development and implementation of policies and guidelines related to the lives of young people has been identified as one of the main tasks. Resolutions adopted by our government on August 29, 1997, such as the National Direction for Personnel Training, the Law on Education, and the National State Program for the Development of School Education for 2004-2008, laid a solid foundation for the young generation to achieve perfection. . In addition, the Law "On Guarantees of the Rights of the Child", the Law "On Employment", the Law "On Physical Culture and Sports", the Law "On Prevention of Neglect and Juvenile Delinquency

among Minors", the Law "On Sponsorship" The adoption of the law "On care" has served to create a solid legal framework for the industry. The new version of the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On State Youth Policy", adopted on September 14, 2016, Chapter 4, Article 33 of the Law is aimed at ensuring the interests of our youth [2: 182].

The fourth step in the development of the social sphere, which is one of the five priority areas identified by the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated February 7, 2017 No 4947 "On the Strategy for further development of the Republic of Uzbekistan" The issue of "Improvement of state policy in relation to youth" is considered in the report, which states: to increase community self-sacrifice".

The introduction of the post of Deputy Minister of Youth Policy, Social Development and Spiritual and Moral Affairs in the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regions and the city of Tashkent, as well as in all city and head of district is a source of great attention to youth. gives. [3: № 22 (7934)].

In accordance with the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated July 5, 2017 "On increasing the effectiveness of state policy on youth and support the activities of the Youth Union of Uzbekistan", a comprehensive reform of the system of comprehensive support of youth The Youth Association of Uzbekistan was established on the basis of the Kamolot youth public movement. Today, he works professionally under the motto "Youth - the builder of the future", which ensures the implementation of topical issues of youth policy in collaboration with national authorities, non-governmental, non-profit organizations and other institutions of civil society. The day of the formation of the Uzbek Youth Association - June 30 - is marked in our country as "Youth Day".

The Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated 27.06.2018, No. 5466 on the National Direction "Youth is our future" is particularly effective in the development of youth entrepreneurship. In 2018 on December 28 Address of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan to the House of Representatives states that 2 trillion sums have been allocated for the "Every Family is a Business" and "Youth is Our Future" directions, and more than 2,600 business places have been created.

As the President said, "An educated generation is the guarantee of a great future." 32% or 10 million of our people are under 30 years old.

In 2019, the goal is to bring the level of high-level coverage of graduates to 20 levels.

President Sh. In his speech at the 72nd session of the UN General Assembly on September 19, 2017, M. Mirziyoyev noted that the number of young people in the world is 2 billion. The UN's proposal to develop

Impact Factor:

ISRA (India) = 6.317
ISI (Dubai, UAE) = 1.582
GIF (Australia) = 0.564
JIF = 1.500

SIS (USA) = 0.912
ПИИИ (Russia) = 3.939
ESJI (KZ) = 9.035
SJIF (Morocco) = 7.184

ICV (Poland) = 6.630
PIF (India) = 1.940
IBI (India) = 4.260
OAJI (USA) = 0.350

an international convention on the rights of young people proves its relevance on a global scale.

Five important beginnings. In particular, the President stressed the need to pay more attention to young people, to involve the younger generation in culture, arts, sports, to develop in them the ability to use information technology, to increase the popularity of books among young people. In this regard, he put forward five important initiatives for the development of the spiritual world of young people and the organization of their leisure time.

Thirty percent of the country's population is between 14 and 30 years old. Modern conditions and opportunities have been created for them to acquire knowledge and acquire a profession. That is why it is important to organize meaningful leisure time for young people. The more spiritually rich young people are, the stronger their immunity against various alien vices will be.

The first direction is to increase the interest of young people in yakika, fine arts, literature, literature and other types of art, to reveal talents.

The second direction is aimed at physical training of young people, creating the necessary conditions for them to develop their abilities in sports.

The third direction is to organize the effective use of computer technology and the Internet among the population and youth.

The fourth direction is to improve the spiritual world of young people, to organize systematic work on the widespread deployment of book-loving among them.

The fifth direction deals with the employment of women. These initiatives have been met with great interest by our young people.

Today, more than 800 cultural centers, 312 music and art schools in the country cover 130,000 boys and girls. Under the leadership of the head of our state, work is underway to improve the material and technical base of cultural centers, music and art schools.

References:

1. Mirziyoev, Sh.M. (2016). *Together we will build a free and prosperous, democratic state of Uzbekistan. Speech at the joint session of the chambers of the Oliy Majlis dedicated to the inauguration of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan.* (p.14). Tashkent: Uzbekistan.
2. (2016). *The newspaper "Xalq so'zi"*. September 15, № 182 (6617).
3. Mobo, D. F. D. (2021). Readiness of the Maritime Students in the New Normal. *European journal of innovation in nonformal education*, 1(1), 20-25.
4. (2017). *The newspaper "Qaraqpaqstan jaslari"*. May 25, № 22 (7934).
5. MM, I., & KT, T. (2021). Agrotechnology of Cotton Seeding and Processing. *European journal of innovation in nonformal education*, 1(2), 5-7.
6. Isakov, Z. S., & Olimova, D. B. (2021). The Educational Importance of Proverbs in the Formation of Spiritual and Moral Characteristics in Students. *European journal of innovation in nonformal education*, 1(2), 122-124.
7. Raipovna, V. S. (2021). Foreign Experience in Digital Educational Technologies. *European journal of innovation in nonformal education*, 1(2), 152-154.
8. Yerjanovich, Y. B. (2021). Development and Planned Construction of Housing Buildings in Djizzak. *European journal of innovation in nonformal education*, 1(2), 109-112.
9. Toyirjon o'g'li, I. B. (2021). Methods of Solving Differential Equations. *European journal of innovation in nonformal education*, 1(2), 125-128.
10. Alisherbek, N. (2021). About Jizzakh Cultural Heritage Sites. *European journal of innovation in nonformal education*, 1(2), 90-91.