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**Bibisara Ongarbayevna Gulimova**

Karakalpak State University named after Berdakh

Assistant of the Department of journalism,

[b.gulimova@mail.ru](mailto:b.gulimova@mail.ru)

## VICTORY MEDIA CHANGES IN VICTORY QUALITY

**Abstract:** Convergence, media cross-ownership and multimedia newsrooms are becoming increasingly part of the vocabulary of contemporary journalism - in practice, education, as well as research. The literature exploring multimedia is expanding rapidly but it is clear that it means many different things to different people. Research into what multimedia in news work means for journalism and journalists is proliferating. In this paper the social and cultural context of multimedia in journalism, its meaning for contemporary newsrooms and media organizations, and its current (emerging) practices in Europe and the United States are analyzed.

**Key words:** media, journalism, newspapers, results, marketing, departments resulted, subscriptions.

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### Introduction

In the second half of the twentieth century, art developed rapidly in most parts of the world. In particular, the US-Japan winds have been high. The Ulli Lakes region of the United States is known as the land of the wind. There are steel-aluminum refineries, automobile oil refineries. These are the hallmarks of the industrial age. In these factories, workers strive to provide a better life for themselves in the industrial age. Professionals who have made a good living in the industry have a great reputation. Along with Usi, this era has seen a number of inconsistencies. Here are some suggestions on how to look or get an appointment for hair extensions. As our roads become more and more diverse, so does our judgment. Our homes have grown richer and richer, and our hands have shrunk. We spend a lot of money to buy a lot of things, but we use less of them. Our flats are getting bigger and bigger. The number of medicines has increased, but our health has not improved. The cure for depression has increased, but our joy has not diminished. We have learned a lot about nature, but we can't learn how to do it well.

Of course, these views are not entirely accurate. But there are many examples of this in prison. Because our age is full of contradictions. For example, our children know more about computers than their

parents do. But if we want to reach the level of general knowledge, it needs to be deepened. The number of divorces in the world is growing. Inflation has hit most winds.

In politics, the parties are losing their loyal members. Hand technology, on the other hand, is becoming more politicized than ever before. In a number of countries, nationalism is on the rise. Along with AI Usin, globalization continues unabated.

In the face of such contradictions, it is difficult to see what is behind the current trends. It is unknown at this time what he will do after leaving the post. Regardless of the matrices used by all computer calculations, mathematical models, and futurists, it is difficult to determine what awaits us tomorrow. Finally, we should not be skeptical about identifying the only negative trends when making forecasts for the future. It's not enough to just look ahead. " In the case of most people, futurists look to the future as a continuation of the present. The only downside to these trends is that they don't last long. Trends can be reversed or resumed. There is no guarantee that what is happening today will continue on earth.

It will be useful for you to be aware of both types of two word expressions. At first glance, they may not seem to be related to each other. Forecasts should not be limited to enemies. Nothing in the world is the

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same. The future will not eat anything that is hard. It is like a stream of water. The Second Wave of Civilization has increased our ability to divide our training. Most people are more into analytics than synthesis. Finally, our vision of the future is a system of concepts.

Today we are on the threshold of the era of synthesis. The tendency in all spheres of knowledge is sociology, psychology, economics, and so on. The demand for a return to a unified state is strong. Because we know more and more about the little things as we go about our daily routine. And again, these would mean that we have to spend for these processes .

When we move from the second wave of information to the next wave, we change our psyche. There are so many types it's hard to say. Together, Wolardi forms the image of the world we create. These images do not appear by word of mouth. They are shaped by the information we receive from the world around us. Due to the richness of these changes, we have been able to inform the political institutions of our country. 'ni' was affected.

Before the beginning of the era of mass media bastan keshirgen. Wol's teacher, of course, knew the glory of life through images he received from members of the Shanarak. According to psychologist-futurologist Herbert Djuani, the number of people in the "winds" who did not have a television or radio at home was even higher. He did not have the opportunity to get to know me. Only a handful of people came to Shet Yel. There was nothing that you did to cause it. The worldview of the boy who grew up in the village is quite shaped. The boy often heard the words, "You can't do that," and it had a significant effect on his behavior.

In the second wave, the individual's voice increased the number of sources from which he received the information. Now the boy has a clear idea of what the world is like. Wol heard it from people, from newspapers and magazines, from radio and television. Some of the visual images are scattered among the masses, breaking the history of millions of people. Lenin's flag on the flagpole has become a symbol of this genocide for millions of people. Many movie and sports stars have become popular through the media. As a result of advertising, millions of people have become acquainted with certain types of tobacco products. Images that have been created in a way that has been created and that have been broken into the history of the people with the help of means of victory are necessary for the industrial system. helped to shape existing standards of conduct.

Such an argument in the process of molding images gives them a temporary character. Unless you have a specific destination, you're just moving the car and wasting gas. My name and my relationship are like a rocket, and it flies into our minds and disappears. Every day, scientific and psychological

theories are gaining ground. Ideology is one of the strongest forces in the world. It is difficult to imagine how such a burqa can be created in such a life. This wave not only speeds up the flow of information.

In the aftermath of the second wave, victory media reached a wider audience. Significant changes are taking place at the moment. When this wave enters like a thunderbolt, the means of victory must share the influence of the broad 'jayi'wdi' worni on the 'wing of the wing'. 'r boladi' said heshkim unexpectedly ate. The so-called "de-massification of the media" has led to a series of upheavals on several fronts. For example, you can look at these newspapers. Newspapers, which are the new wave of victory news for the second wave, are on the rise. In 1973, the circulation of U.S. newspapers reached 63 million copies per day. Circulation has been stagnant since then. By 1978, that number had risen to 62 million, but even worse. Newspapers reported that Americans made up 69% of the daily population in 1972, compared to 62% in 1977. In New York, between the 1970s and 1976s, three daily newspapers lost 550,000 copies. The Los Angeles Times reported that by 1976, 80,000 people had died. The Philadelphia Shipwreck or the Big Newspaper's 'Waqiwis' The number of San Francisco or newspaper readers did not decrease to 90 thousand. Unexpectedly, small newspapers appeared at the same time as the wind.

America's "Cleveland News", "Hartford Times", "Detroit Times" , "Chicago Today", Long Island Press 'p ketti. The same can be said of Ulli in Britain. Between 1965 and the 1970s, the circulation of the national daily newspapers decreased by 8%. This can be seen in the example of Karakalpakstan. In the 1970s and 1990s, a copy of the newspaper Yerkin Karakalpakstan (Soviet Karakalpakstan) 60-70 thousand copies of the newspaper "Karakalpakstan Jaslari" (30 thousand copies). It can be seen that the reduction in the number of copies of newspapers has been a triumph. Such losses cannot be explained by the large-scale and rapid development of television alone. A copy of each daily newspaper is a small weekly, as well as 2-3 times a week. The so-called "newspapers" are being advertised and controversial by the newspapers. The demands of the market have been fully met, and the major daily newspapers of the capitals are in crisis. Copies are being exchanged for smaller editions.

The second example is related to magazines. Since the 1950s, a major magazine has been published in the United States every year. "Life" Look "Look" Satur "Saturday Evening Post" It's been awhile. Between 1970 and 1977, the population of the United States grew to 14 million, and the circulation of 25 magazines fell by 4 million.

At the same time, thousands of small magazines have appeared in the United States. markets are dedicated to this. ' Both the U.S. and the aviation industry are currently struggling to cope with the

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growing demand for poetry. It is possible to choose the one that suits them best. Tinnners, retirees, track and field athletes, fantasies, old cameras, collectors, tennis fans, skateboarders - these were all have their own 'pressasi. New York , New West patch Pittsburgher regional magazines are on the rise. Some of Wolardi's markets are regional in nature, as well as in terms of interest. An example today is Western Farmer, a Kentucky Business Ledger patch.

The tide of protectionist sentiment was flowing into the region. Along with the technosphere, the infosphere is also emerging. will be '. These changes have completely changed our perception of the world and the possibilities of understanding it. Today, some psychiatrists are trying to help make our prison a better place. They provide practical assistance in solving common research problems. We need more counselors to help us.

It's time to dump her and move on. For example, we spend hours studying the structure of the amoeba. To study the structure of everyday life, that is, why time is spent and how money is spent. ha'm tb don't pay attention. The system of schools in the cities, and even on the scale of individual companies, would be acceptable for the consolidation of all kinds of civil service groups. These shots can be used to provide utilities on a contract basis. It would also be possible to set up squads to "protect the environment", "clean the castle", and "help the elderly". What is the meaning of the life of the members of the community, along with the provision of useful services and the maintenance of the structure of life? he would have forgiven. As this wave approaches, we will need to shape a more integrated world outlook. Of course, the world cannot be covered by the whole world. Only by using a large number of definitions can we create a molded picture of the world.

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